

Name Key

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Hour \_\_\_\_\_

**6.1,6.2,6.6,6.7 Quiz Review****Find each specified vector or scalar. Given:  $u=2i-5j$ ,  $v=-3i+7j$ , and  $w=-i-6j$** 

1)  $v-w$   $(-3+1)i + (7+6)j$   
 $-2i + 13j$

2)  $6v$   $6(-3i+7j)$   
 $-18i+42j$

3)  $\|-2v\|$

$| -2 | \| v \|$

$2 \cdot \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (7)^2}$

$2 \sqrt{9+49}$  or  $2\sqrt{58}$  or  $15.23$

4)  $v \cdot w$

$-3(-1) + (7)(-6)$   
 $3 + (-42)$   
 $-39$

**5) Find the angle between vector  $v$  and vector  $w$ . Complete each step.**

$u \cdot w =$

$2(-1) + (-5)(-6)$

$-1 + 30 = 29$

$\|u\| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{4+25} = \boxed{\sqrt{29}}$

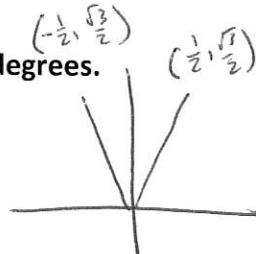
$\|w\| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{1+36} = \sqrt{37}$        $\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{29}{\sqrt{29}\sqrt{37}}\right) = \boxed{27.7^\circ}$

**6) Find the vector  $v$  in terms of  $i$  and  $j$  whose magnitude is 8 and angle is 120 degrees.**

$v = 8 \cos 120^\circ i + 8 \sin 120^\circ j$

$8\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)i + 8\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)j$

$v = -4i + 4\sqrt{3}j$



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For each of the following, solve the triangle. Be sure to solve for both triangles if it is an ambiguous case.

SAS

7.  $A = 22^\circ, b = 6, c = 15$

$$a^2 = 15^2 + 6^2 - 2(15)(6)\cos 22^\circ$$

$$a^2 = 225 + 36 - 166.89$$

$$a = \sqrt{94.11}$$

$$\frac{\sin 22^\circ}{9.7} = \frac{\sin B}{6}$$

$$a = 9.7$$

$$B = \sin^{-1}(0.25) = 14.5^\circ$$

8.  $A = 56^\circ, C = 24^\circ, a = 22$

$$\frac{\sin 56^\circ}{22} = \frac{\sin 24^\circ}{c}$$

$$c = 10.9$$

$$\frac{0.83}{22} = \frac{0.41}{b}$$

$$b = 23.1$$

9. ~~SSA~~  $A = 20^\circ, a = 30, c = 40$

$$\frac{\sin 20^\circ}{30} = \frac{\sin C}{40}$$

$$C = \sin^{-1}(0.45)$$

$$C = 26.7^\circ$$

$$\frac{0.34}{30} = \frac{0.73}{b_1}$$

$$b_1 = 64.4$$

$$\frac{0.34}{30} = \frac{0.07}{b_2}$$

$$b_2 = 10.6$$

10.  $a=4, b=7, c=6$

$$4^2 = 7^2 + 6^2 - 2(7)(6)\cos A$$

$$16 = 49 + 36 - 84\cos A$$

$$16 = 85 - 84\cos A$$

$$-69 = -84\cos A$$

$$\cos A = 0.82$$

$$A = \cos^{-1}(0.82) = 34.9^\circ$$

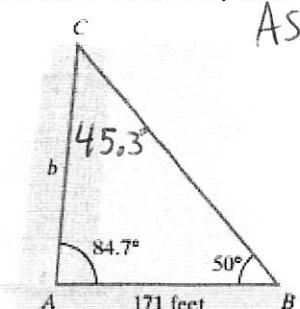
$$\frac{0.57}{7} = \frac{\sin C}{4}$$

$$C = \sin^{-1}(0.86) = 59.3^\circ$$

11. The Leaning Tower of Pisa in Italy leans at an angle of about  $84.7^\circ$  degrees. The figure shows that 171 feet from the base of the tower, the angle of elevation to the top is  $50^\circ$  degrees. Find the distance, to the nearest tenth of a foot, from the base to the top of the tower.

$$180 - (84.7 + 50)$$

$$45.3^\circ$$



Law of cosines

Only 1 Δ for SAS

$a_1 = 9.7$	$m\angle A_1 = 22^\circ$	$a_2 =$	$m\angle A_2 =$
$b_1 = 6$	$m\angle B_1 = 14.5^\circ$	$b_2 =$	$m\angle B_2 =$
$c_1 = 15$	$m\angle C_1 = 143.5^\circ$	$c_2 =$	$m\angle C_2 =$

$$180 - (22 + 14.5) = 143.5$$

Law of Sines

Only 1 Δ for AAS

$a_1 = 22$	$m\angle A_1 = 56^\circ$	$a_2 =$	$m\angle A_2 =$
$b_1 = 10.9$	$m\angle B_1 = 120^\circ$	$b_2 =$	$m\angle B_2 =$
$c_1 = 23.1$	$m\angle C_1 = 24^\circ$	$c_2 =$	$m\angle C_2 =$

Law of Sines (Ambiguous Case) Possible 2 Δ prob. for SSA

$a_1 = 30$	$m\angle A_1 = 20^\circ$	$a_2 = 30$	$m\angle A_2 = 20^\circ$
$b_1 = 64.4$	$m\angle B_1 = 133.3^\circ$	$b_2 = 10.6$	$m\angle B_2 = 67^\circ$
$c_1 = 40$	$m\angle C_1 = 26.7^\circ$	$c_2 = 40$	$m\angle C_2 = 153.3^\circ$

$$\text{Check for } \angle C_2 \rightarrow 180 - 26.7 = 153.3 + m\angle A = 173.3 + 20 = 173.3$$

Law of Cosines SSS Only 1 Δ

$a_1 = 4$	$m\angle A_1 = 34.9^\circ$	$a_2 =$	$m\angle A_2 =$
$b_1 = 7$	$m\angle B_1 = 85.8^\circ$	$b_2 =$	$m\angle B_2 =$
$c_1 = 6$	$m\angle C_1 = 59.3^\circ$	$c_2 =$	$m\angle C_2 =$

$$180 - (34.9 + 59.3) =$$

$$\frac{0.77}{b} = \frac{0.71}{171}$$

$$b = 185.5 \text{ ft}$$