

Pre-Calc
Polar Worksheet

Name _____ Key
Date _____ Per _____

2/9/17

Convert to rectangular $x = 12 \cos \frac{11\pi}{6} - 12(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = 6\sqrt{3}$

$$x = -7 \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} = -7(0)$$

$$1. \left(12, \frac{11\pi}{6}\right) = \begin{aligned} r &= 12 \\ \theta &= \tan^{-1}(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = \tan^{-1}(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = \frac{5\pi}{6} \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \left(-7, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) = \begin{aligned} r &= -7 \\ \theta &= \tan^{-1}(\frac{0}{-7}) = \tan^{-1}(0) = \pi \end{aligned}$$

$(6\sqrt{3}, -6)$

$(0, 7)$

Convert the ordered pairs to polar form,

$$3. (-8\sqrt{3}, 8) \quad r = \sqrt{(-8\sqrt{3})^2 + 8^2} = \sqrt{192 + 64} = \sqrt{256} = 16$$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \sqrt{16^2 + 8^2} = \sqrt{256 + 64} = \sqrt{320} \\ \theta &= \tan^{-1}(-\frac{8}{8\sqrt{3}}) = \tan^{-1}(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = \frac{5\pi}{6} \end{aligned}$$

Convert the rectangular equation to a polar equation.

$$5. 4y + x = 2$$

$$4r \sin \theta + r \cos \theta = 2$$

$$r(4 \sin \theta + \cos \theta) = 2$$

$$r = \frac{2}{4 \sin \theta + \cos \theta}$$

$$6. x^2 + y^2 = 7$$

$$r^2 = 7$$

$$r = \sqrt{7}$$

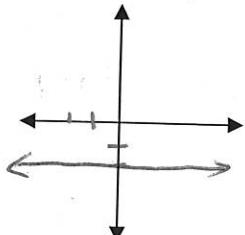
Convert the polar equation to a rectangular equation, and sketch the graph.

$$8. r = -2 \csc \theta$$

$$\sin \theta \cdot r = -2 \cdot \sin \theta$$

$$r \sin \theta = -2$$

$$y = -2$$



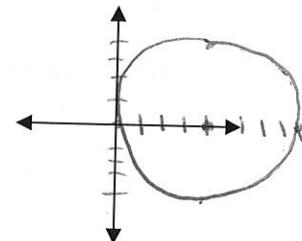
$$9. r = 8 \cos \theta$$

$$r^2 = 8r \cos \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 8x$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 16 + y^2 = 16$$

$$(x-4)^2 + y^2 = 16$$



Multiple Choice. Write your answer in the blank.

E 10. The graph of $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{3}$ is a

- (A) cardioid (B) limacon with a loop (C) limacon without a loop
(D) circle (E) line

B 11. The graph of $r = 2 + 3 \cos \theta$ is a

- (A) cardioid (B) limacon with a loop (C) limacon without a loop
(D) circle (E) line

A 12. The graph of $r = 3 + 3 \sin \theta$ is a

- (A) cardioid (B) limacon with a loop (C) limacon without a loop
(D) circle (E) line

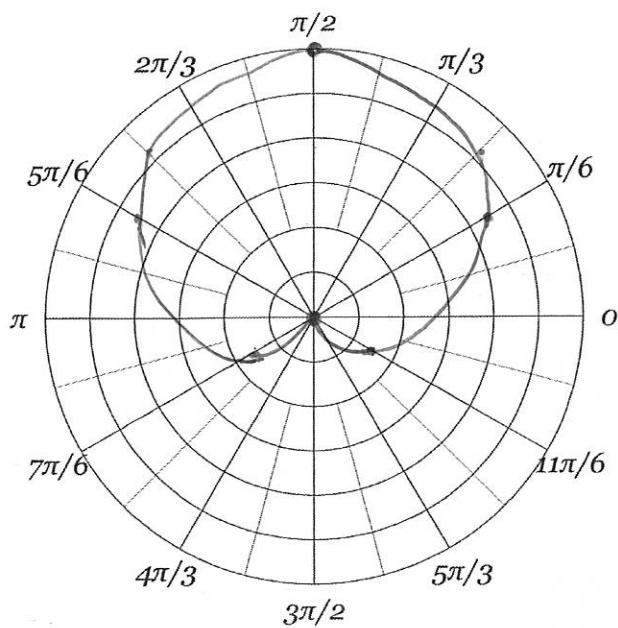
B 13. The graph of $r = \frac{4}{1 + \cos \theta}$ is a

- (A) parabola (B) ellipse (C) hyperbola
(D) circle (E) line

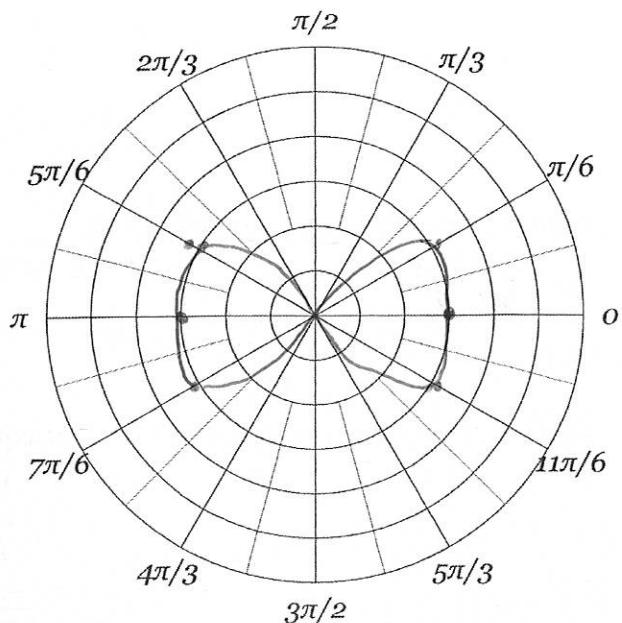
← Don't worry we
didn't cover
ellipses yet

Make a table and graph.

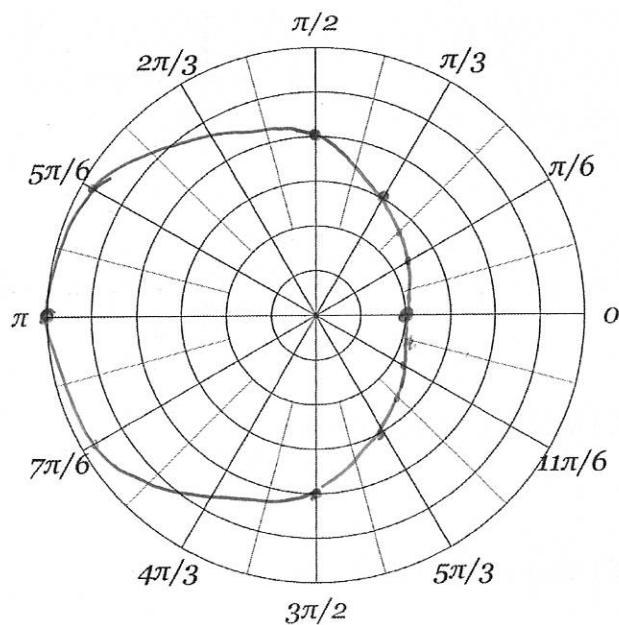
14. $r = 3 + 3 \sin \theta$



15. $r^2 = 9 \cos 2\theta$



16. $r = 4 - 2 \cos \theta$



17. $r = 4 \cos 3\theta$

